

Iron Ore Mining: 2002

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2002 Economic Census

Mining

Industry Series



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U.S. Department of Commerce
Economics and Statistics Administration
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CONTENTS

Introduction to the Economic Census	v
Mining	ix
Tables	
1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and 1997	1
2. Industry Statistics for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002	2
3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002	3
4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002	4
5. Industry Statistics by Type of Operation: 2002	5
6a. Products or Services Statistics: 2002 and 1997	6
6b. Product Class Shipments or Receipts for Services for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002 and 1997	7
7. Selected Supplies, Minerals Received for Preparation, Purchased Machinery, and Fuels Consumed by Type: 2002 and 1997	8
Appendixes	
A. Explanation of Terms	A-1
B. NAICS Codes, Titles, and Descriptions	B-1
C. Methodology	C-1
D. Geographic Notes	--
E. Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas	--
F. Comparability of Product Classes and Product Codes: 2002 to 1997	F-1
-- Not applicable for this report.	

Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and 1997

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and year	Com- panies ¹	All estab- lish- ments ²	All employees		Production, development, and exploration workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of supplies (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)	Capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
			For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)				
212210, Iron ore mining 2002.. 1997..	21 26	24 32	5 189 7 920	283 557 393 921	4 563 6 787	9 172 15 326	245 654 330 553	853 727 991 697	970 907 1 037 569	1 768 893 1 937 749	53 708 91 517

¹For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002

[Offshore areas refer to those areas not associated with a state. States that are disclosures or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by *, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and geographic area	E ¹	All establishments ²		All employees		Production, development, and exploration workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of supplies (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)	Capital expenditures (\$1,000)
		Total	With 20 employees or more	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)				
212210, Iron ore mining												
United States.....	—	24	9	5 189	283 557	4 563	9 172	245 654	853 727	970 907	1 768 893	53 708
Minnesota	—	10	7	3 982	214 194	3 419	7 229	179 241	691 222	680 394	1 319 604	52 010

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
212210, Iron ore mining	
Companies ¹	number.. 21
All establishments ²	number.. 24
Establishments with 0 to 19 employees	number.. 15
Establishments with 20 to 99 employees	number.. —
Establishments with 100 employees or more	number.. 9
All employees for pay period including March 12	number.. 5 189
Total compensation	\$1,000.. 381 456
Annual payroll	\$1,000.. 283 557
Annual fringe benefits not included in payroll	\$1,000.. 97 899
Production, development, and exploration workers for pay period including March 12	number.. 4 563
Production, development, and exploration worker annual hours	1,000.. 9 172
Production, development, and exploration worker annual wages	\$1,000.. 245 654
Total cost of supplies	\$1,000.. 970 907
Supplies used, minerals received, and purchased machinery installed	\$1,000.. 622 473
Resales	\$1,000.. —
Purchased fuels consumed	\$1,000.. 108 243
Purchased electricity	\$1,000.. 214 056
Contract work	\$1,000.. 26 135
Quantity of electricity purchased	1,000 kWh.. 7 164 251
Quantity of electricity generated less sold	1,000 kWh.. —
Total other expenses	\$1,000.. 14 951
Response coverage ratio ³	percent.. 77
Communications services	\$1,000.. 324
Legal services	\$1,000.. 241
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services	\$1,000.. D
Advertising and promotional services	\$1,000.. D
All other expenses (not included above)	\$1,000.. D
Total value of shipments and receipts for services	\$1,000.. 1 768 893
Primary products value of shipments	\$1,000.. 1 768 893
Secondary products value of shipments and receipts for services	\$1,000.. —
Value of resales	\$1,000.. —
Value of primary products shipments or services produced in all industries	\$1,000.. 1 768 893
Value of primary products shipments or services produced in this industry	\$1,000.. 1 768 893
Value of primary products shipments or services produced in other industries	\$1,000.. —
Value added	\$1,000.. 853 727
Total inventories, end of 2001	\$1,000.. 169 618
Mineral products, crude petroleum, and natural gas liquids inventories	\$1,000.. 83 245
Supplies, parts, fuels, etc., inventories	\$1,000.. 86 373
Total inventories, end of 2002	\$1,000.. 157 450
Mineral products, crude petroleum, and natural gas liquids inventories	\$1,000.. 75 136
Supplies, parts, fuels, etc., inventories	\$1,000.. 82 314
Gross book value of depreciable/depletable assets at beginning of year	\$1,000.. 1 916 680
Capital expenditures (except land and mineral rights)	\$1,000.. 53 708
Capital expenditures for buildings, structures, machinery, and equipment (new and used)	\$1,000.. D
Capital expenditures for mineral exploration and development	\$1,000.. D
Capital expenditures for mineral land and rights	\$1,000.. D
Deductions from depreciable/depletable assets during year	\$1,000.. D
Gross book value of depreciable/depletable assets at end of year	\$1,000.. 1 957 780
Total depreciation/depletion charges during year	\$1,000.. 133 449
Total rental payments during year	\$1,000.. 47 519
Buildings and other structures	\$1,000.. 26
Machinery and equipment	\$1,000.. 47 493
Lease rents	\$1,000.. 67 409
Expensed mineral exploration, development, land, and rights	\$1,000.. 73 057

¹For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the employment for those establishments that reported this item to the total employment for all establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class	E ¹	All establishments ²	All employees		Production, development, and exploration workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of supplies (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)	Capital expenditures (\$1,000)
			For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)				
212210, Iron ore mining											
All establishments	—	24	5 189	283 557	4 563	9 172	245 654	853 727	970 907	1 768 893	53 708
Establishments with—											
0 to 4 employees	8	8	23	876	14	29	657	2 765	1 284	3 735	314
5 to 9 employees	5	5	36	1 701	31	65	1 426	9 610	2 493	11 467	636
10 to 19 employees	7	2	b	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
20 to 49 employees	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 employees	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 249 employees	9	1	c	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
250 to 499 employees	—	5	g	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
500 to 999 employees	—	2	g	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
1,000 to 2,499 employees	—	1	g	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
2,500 employees or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Administrative records ³	9	11	48	2 167	37	80	1 723	7 293	3 326	9 669	950

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 5. Industry Statistics by Type of Operation: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and type of operation	All establishments ¹		All employees		Production, development, and exploration workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)
	Total	With 20 employees or more	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)		
212210, Iron ore mining									
All establishments	24	9	5 189	283 557	4 563	9 172	245 654	853 727	1 768 893
Producing establishments	24	9	5 189	283 557	4 563	9 172	245 654	853 727	1 768 893
Mines or wells only	16	1	215	12 783	193	418	12 106	46 277	62 428
Underground mines	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Open-pit mines	16	1	215	12 783	193	418	12 106	46 277	62 428
Combination mines, well operations, or other types of mines	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mines with preparation plants	7	7	h	D	D	D	D	D	D
Underground mines	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Open-pit mines	7	7	h	D	D	D	D	D	D
Combination mines or other types of mines	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Separately operated preparation plants	1	1	e	D	D	D	D	D	D
Undistributed ²	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nonproducing establishments	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

¹Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

²Includes data for establishments that were not possible to classify based on information available.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 6a. Products or Services Statistics: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and value of products or receipts for services of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product or service code	Product or service	Quantity of production for all purposes	Product shipments or receipts for services	
			Quantity	Value (\$1,000)
212210	Iron ore mining	2002.. X 1997.. X	X X	1 768 893 1 915 930
2122101	Crude iron ore	2002.. X 1997.. X	X X	77 482 D
21221011	Crude iron ore	2002.. X 1997.. X	X X	77 482 D
212210111	Direct-shipping crude iron ore	2002.. D 1997.. 2.6	D 2.4	D 20 258
2122101121	Crude iron ore for treatment, concentration, etc. mil metric tons ..	2002.. D 1997.. 209.2	D D	D D
2122103	Iron ore concentrates and agglomerates	2002.. X 1997.. X	X X	1 680 304 1 838 537
21221031	Iron ore concentrates and agglomerates	2002.. X 1997.. X	X X	1 680 304 1 838 537
2122103111	Iron ore concentrates (including washed material) for consumption	2002.. D 1997.. .4	D D	D 17 768
2122103121	Iron ore concentrates (including washed material) for agglomeration plants not at blast furnaces	2002.. D 1997.. 61.7	— —	— —
2122103131	Iron agglomerates (pellets, sinter, briquets, and other)	2002.. D 1997.. 61.0	D 60.4	D 1 820 769
212210W	Iron ore mining, nsk	2002.. X 1997.. X	X X	11 107 D
212210WY	Iron ore mining, nsk	2002.. X 1997.. X	X X	11 107 D
212210WYWT	Iron ore mining, nsk	2002.. X 1997.. X	X X	11 107 D

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p—10 to 19 percent estimated; q—20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 6b. **Product Class Shipments or Receipts for Services for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002 and 1997**

[Product classes covered are those that are economically significant and whose production is geographically dispersed, provided dispersion is not approximated by data in Table 2. Also, product classes are not shown if they are miscellaneous or "not specified by kind" classes. Statistics for some states are withheld because they are either less than \$2 million in product class shipments or they disclose data for individual companies in 2002. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographic definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by *, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product or service class code	Product or service class and geographic area	Value of product shipments or receipts for services (\$1,000)
2122101	Crude iron ore	
	United States..... 2002..	77 482
 1997..	D
	Minnesota 2002..	76 961
 1997..	N
2122103	Iron ore concentrates and agglomerates	
	United States..... 2002..	1 680 304
 1997..	1 838 537
	Minnesota 2002..	1 241 369
 1997..	N

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

Table 7. Selected Supplies, Minerals Received for Preparation, Purchased Machinery, and Fuels Consumed by Type: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of supplies and fuels consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Supply or fuel code	Supply or fuel consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
212210	Iron ore mining		
	Supplies consumed by type		
21221001	Crude iron ore, received for concentration mil metric tons (wet basis) 2002 1997 . .	D D	D D
21221003	Crude iron ore, produced and concentrated at same establishment mil metric tons (wet basis) 2002 1997 . .	164.3 196.8	X X
21221007	Iron ore concentrates, produced and agglomerated at same establishment mil metric tons (dry basis) 2002 1997 . .	46.9 61.0	X X
33300007	Purchased machinery installed, including mobile loading, transportation, and other equipment installed at the operation 2002 1997 . .	X X	D 51 661
33300009	Parts and attachments for mining, mineral preparation, construction, and conveying machinery and equipment 2002 1997 . .	X X	D 126 611
21232009	Bentonite and other clay nonmetallic minerals 2002 1997 . .	X X	D 34 043
32500073	Industrial chemicals (chemical reagents, calcium chloride, etc.) excluding explosive materials and blasting accessories 2002 1997 . .	X X	D 32 366
32592013	Explosive materials (excluding ammonium nitrate) and blasting accessories 2002 1997 . .	X X	D 17 529
32592005	Ammonium nitrate 2002 1997 . .	X X	D 18 725
32621001	Tires and inner tubes 2002 1997 . .	X X	D D
33151003	Iron and steel castings 2002 1997 . .	X X	6 664 61 144
33211101	Iron and steel forgings 2002 1997 . .	X X	D 36 998
33120059	Steel shapes and forms (excluding castings and forgings) 2002 1997 . .	X X	3 382 D
00970098	All other supplies 2002 1997 . .	X X	122 964 104 590
00973000	Undistributed minerals, purchased machinery, parts, attachments, and supplies used 2002 1997 . .	X X	6 531 2 521
	Fuels consumed by type		
21211003	Coal (bituminous, subbituminous, lignite, and anthracite) consumed as a fuel 1,000 s tons 2002 1997 . .	81.0 D	3 815 D
32411017	Distillate (light) grade numbers 1, 2, 4, and light diesel fuel used as a fuel 1,000 bbl 2002 1997 . .	597.7 910.7	23 886 24 505
32411019	Residual (heavy) grade numbers 5 and 6 and heavy diesel fuel used as a fuel 1,000 bbl 2002 1997 . .	D —	D —
21111015	Gas (natural, manufactured, and mixed) used as a fuel bil cu ft 2002 1997 . .	P22.1 34.3	72 998 80 835
32411015	Gasoline used as a fuel mil gal 2002 1997 . .	D 1.4	D 1 296
00960018	Other fuels (liquefied petroleum gas, coke, wood, etc.) 2002 1997 . .	X X	4 597 5 340
00974000	Undistributed fuels 2002 1997 . .	X X	1 460 D

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p—10 to 19 percent estimated; q—20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.